TEA 21 means the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (Public Law No. 105–178, 112 Stat. 107).

## § 268.3 Different phases of the Maglev Deployment Program.

- (a) The Maglev Deployment Program includes five phases, as described in paragraphs (b) through (f) of this section. The current projected timing for implementing these phases is indicated to assist applicants in planning their projects. All dates beyond the first date (the deadline for the submission of preconstruction planning applications) are for planning purposes only and are subject to change—including possible acceleration of deadlines—based on the progress of the Maglev Deployment Program; grantees will be notified accordingly.
- (b) Phase I—Competition for Planning Grants (Early October 1998—September 15, 1999). (1) Description. In Phase I, States will apply for funds for preconstruction planning activities. As required by §268.13, applications must be filed with FRA by February 15, 1999. FRA will select one or more projects to receive preconstruction planning financial assistance awarded under this part to perform Phase II of the Maglev Deployment Program.
  - (2) Timing of Major Milestones.
- (i) February 15, 1999—Planning grant applications due.
- (ii) May 24, 1999—FRA announces grantees for planning grants.
- (iii) August 31, 1999—FRA awards planning grants for the conduct of activities listed in Phase Π.
- (c) Phase II—Project Description Development (July 1, 1999—June 30, 2000).
- (1) Description. In Phase II, each grant recipient will prepare and submit to FRA a project description, supporting preconstruction planning reports, and an EA. Supporting reports may include demand and revenue analyses, project specification, cost estimates, scheduling, financial studies, a system safety plan (including supporting analysis), and other information in support of the project description. FRA will use this information in reaching a decision on which projects to down-select for completion of sitespecific environmental studies, investment grade revenue forecasts, and

other studies and analyses necessary prior to initiation of construction. FRA will initiate documentation of environmental factors considered in the project selection process.

- (2) Timing of Major Milestones.
- (i) February 29, 2000—Deadline for submission of appropriate EA's needed by FRA for the down-selection of one or more projects under Phase III.
- (ii) June 30, 2000—Deadline for submission of project descriptions and any related supporting reports needed by FRA for down-selection of one or more projects.
- (d) Phase III—Project Selection Process (July 1, 2000—September 30, 2000). (1) Description. FRA will evaluate the information provided by the grant recipients under Phase II and will down-select one or more projects for completion of additional environmental studies, investment grade revenue forecasts, and other studies and analyses necessary prior to initiation of construction.
- (2) Timing of Major Milestones. September 30, 2000—FRA down-selects one or more project(s).
- (e) Phase IV—Project Development and Completion of Site-specific EIS October 1, 2000—November 30, 2001).
- (1) Description. The financial assistance recipient(s) down-selected in Phase III will complete additional environmental studies, investment grade revenue forecasts, and other studies and analyses necessary prior to initiation of construction, and address issues raised by FRA's review of system safety plans (including supporting analysis). They will also initiate final design and engineering work for the down-selected project(s). If more than one project is down-selected in Phase III, FRA will select one of them for final design, engineering, and construction funding. Detailed agreements for the construction and operation of the selected project will be negotiated.
- (2) Timing of Major Milestones. (i) March 31, 2001—If more than one project is down-selected in Phase III, FRA will select one project.
- (ii) December 31, 2001—FRA will issue a Final Record of Decision on the site-specific EIS for the one selected project, confirming the project design.

## § 268.5

(f) Phase V-Completion of Detailed Engineering and Construction January 1, 2002 and beyond). In Phase V, the sponsoring State or State-designated authority will oversee the efforts of the public/private partnership formed to progress the selected project, to complete the detailed engineering designs, and finance, construct, equip, and operate the project in revenue service. Construction will be contingent upon the appropriation of Federal funds. In no event will construction be authorized until FRA is fully satisfied that the system will meet appropriate safety standards.

## § 268.5 Federal funding sources for the Maglev Deployment Program.

- (a) Federal Maglev Funds. Section 322 of Title 23 provides for the following funds for the Maglev Deployment Program:
- (1) Contract authority. Fifty-five million has been made available for the Maglev Deployment Program as contract authority from the Highway Trust Fund for Fiscal Years 1999 through 2001; this would be used to fund the competition in all its phases and could also be used for final design, engineering, and construction activities of the selected project. Of the \$55 million, the Congress has made available up to \$15 million for Fiscal Year 1999, up to \$15 million for Fiscal Year 2000, and \$25 million for Fiscal Year 2001.
- (2) Authorization for appropriations. Nine hundred fifty million, also from the Highway Trust Fund, has been authorized to be appropriated for the Maglev Deployment Program for Fiscal Years 2000 through 2003. Of the \$950 million, \$200 million is authorized to be appropriated for each of Fiscal Years 2000 and 2001, \$250 million for Fiscal Year 2002, and \$300 million for Fiscal Year 2003. Any decision to proceed with possible Federal funding of the construction of a Maglev system will be contingent upon the receipt of appropriations, and upon completion of appropriate environmental documenta-
- (b) Other Federal funds. Section 322 of Title 23 provides that the portion of

the Maglev project not covered by Federal Maglev Funds may be covered by any non-Federal funding sources—including private (debt and/or equity), State, local, regional, and other public or public/private entities—as well as by Federally-provided STP and CMAQ funds, and by other forms of financial assistance made available under title 23 and TEA 21, such as loans and loan guarantees.

(c) Costs Incurred in Advance of Cooperative Agreement. Certain costs incurred in advance of the execution of a cooperative agreement between FRA and the grantee for pre-construction planning but after enactment of TEA 21 (June 9, 1998) will be eligible for reimbursement, but such costs are allowable only to the extent that they are otherwise allowable under the terms of a fully executed cooperative agreement.

## § 268.7 Federal/State share and restrictions on the uses of Federal Maglev Funds.

- (a) Federal share. The Federal share of Full Projects Costs shall be not more than \%, with the remaining \% paid by the grant recipient using non-Federal funds. Funds made available under STP and CMAQ are considered non-Federal funds for purposes of the matching requirement.
- (b) Restrictions on the uses of Federal Maglev Funds. (1) Federal Maglev Funds may be applied only to Eligible Project Costs;
- (2) Federal Maglev Funds provided under a preconstruction planning grant may be used only for Phase II activities, and for completion of site-specific draft EIS's; see §268.3;
- (3) Federal Maglev Funds may be used to pay for only ½ of preconstruction planning costs; grant recipients are required to pay the remaining ⅓ of the costs with non-Federal funds; and
- (4) The "prevailing wages" requirement of the Davis Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 276a–276a–5) applies to any construction contracts under the Maglev Deployment Program.